

# Catalytic Activity of Vanadium Oxide Nano-clusters

Sebastian Lee

Mentor: Hunter Nielson; Advisor: Steve Buratto

EUREKA, Department of Chemistry, UCSB

August 21<sup>st</sup> 2012

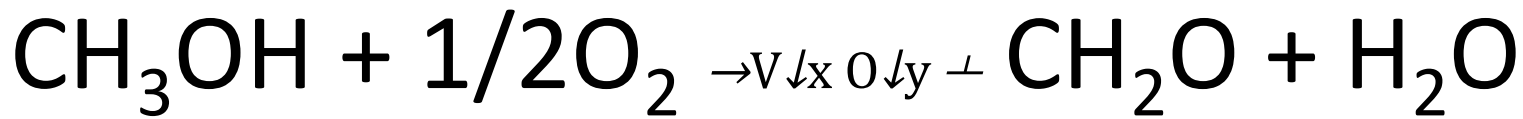
# Our goal is to understand Vanadium Oxides on a nano-scale

- Small clusters exhibit peculiar properties
- We want to fundamentally understand these properties
- New materials with these properties can be created with cluster deposition

# Finding the catalytically active clusters is the first step

- Synthesize various vanadium oxide nano-clusters ( $V_xO_y$ )
- Deposit and run experiments on the vanadium oxide nano-clusters
- Understand how vanadium oxide performs its role as a catalyst

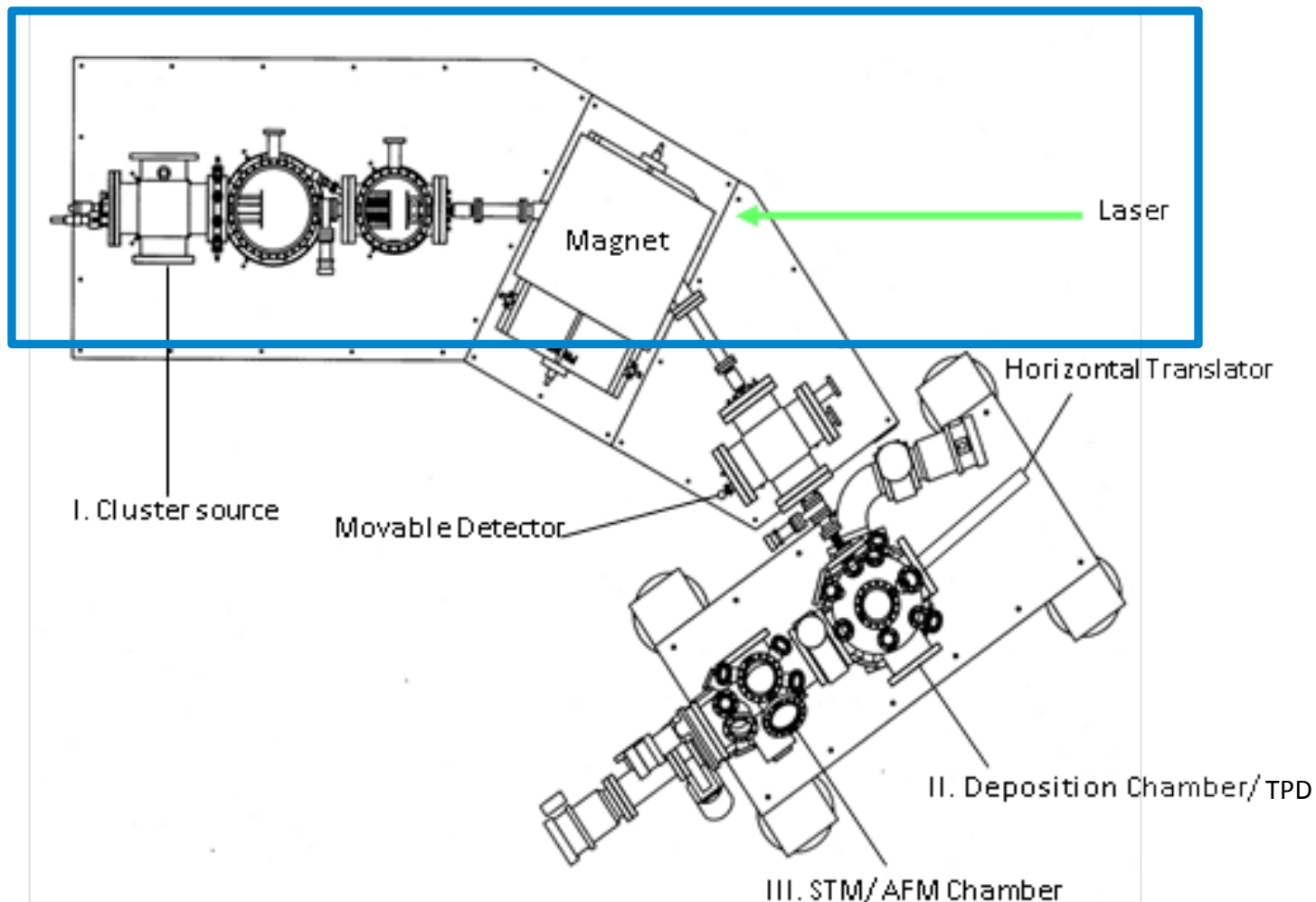
# The partial oxidation of methanol to formaldehyde



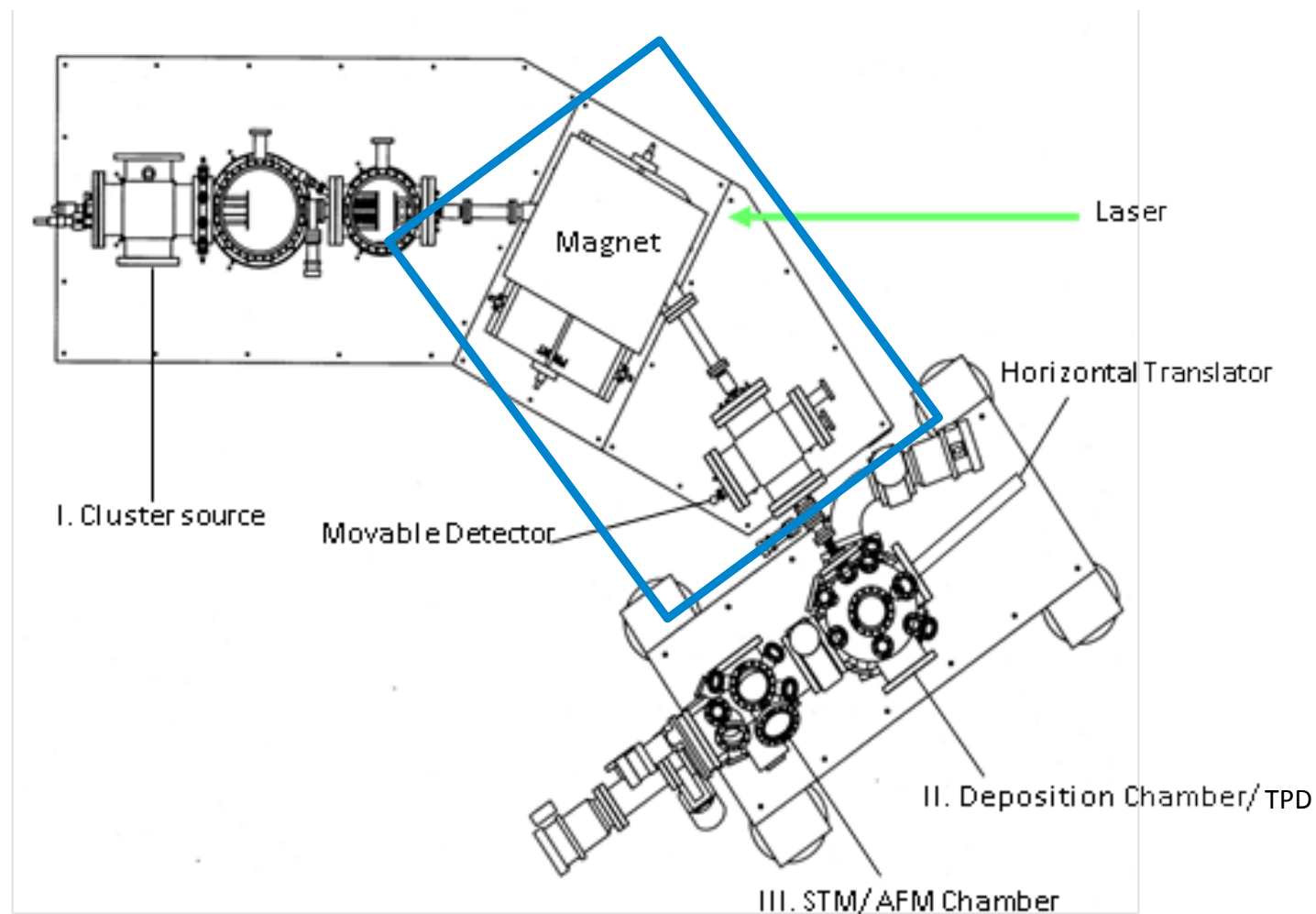
methanol

formaldehyde

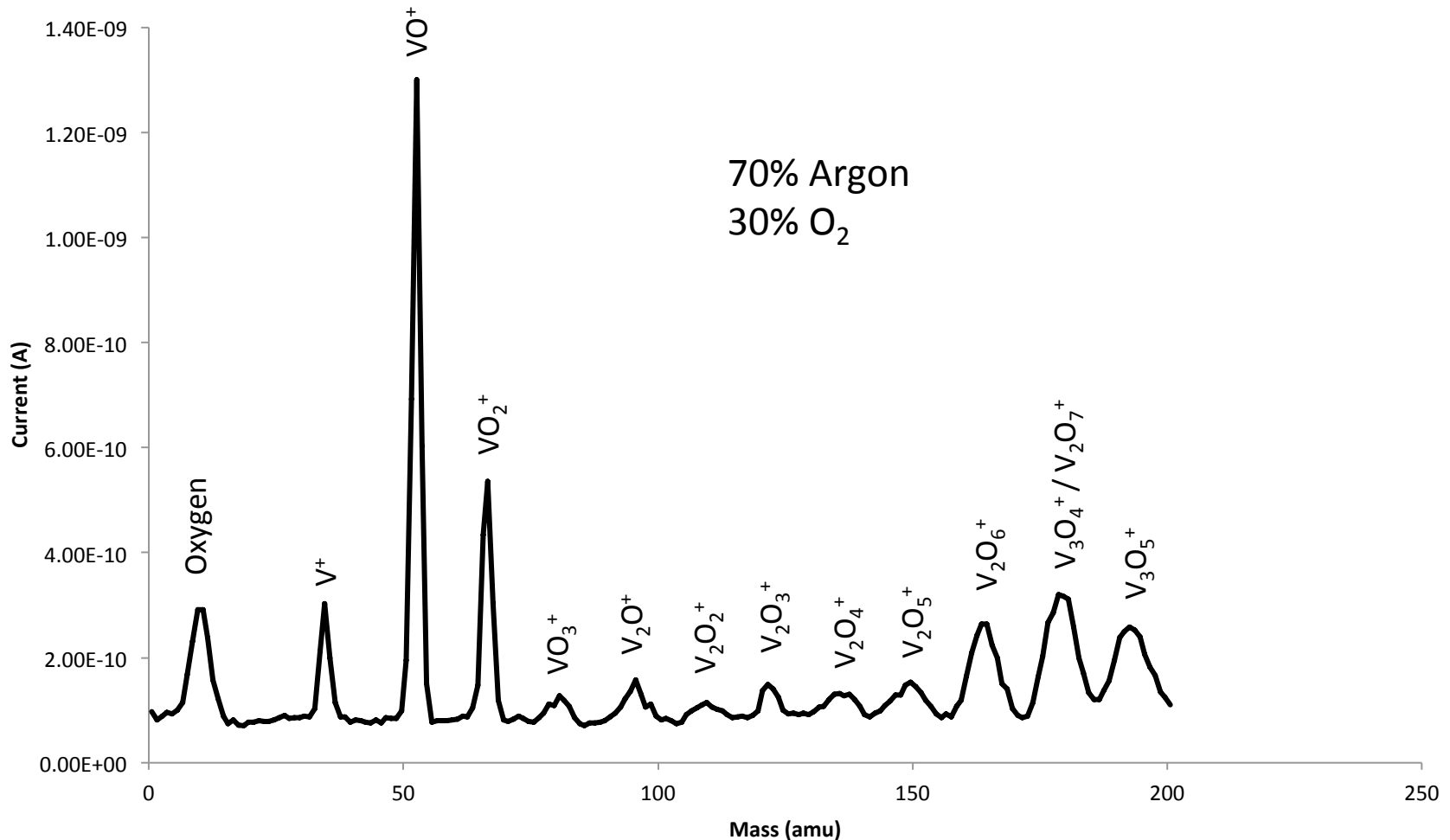
# Creation of ionized Vanadium Oxides with laser ablation



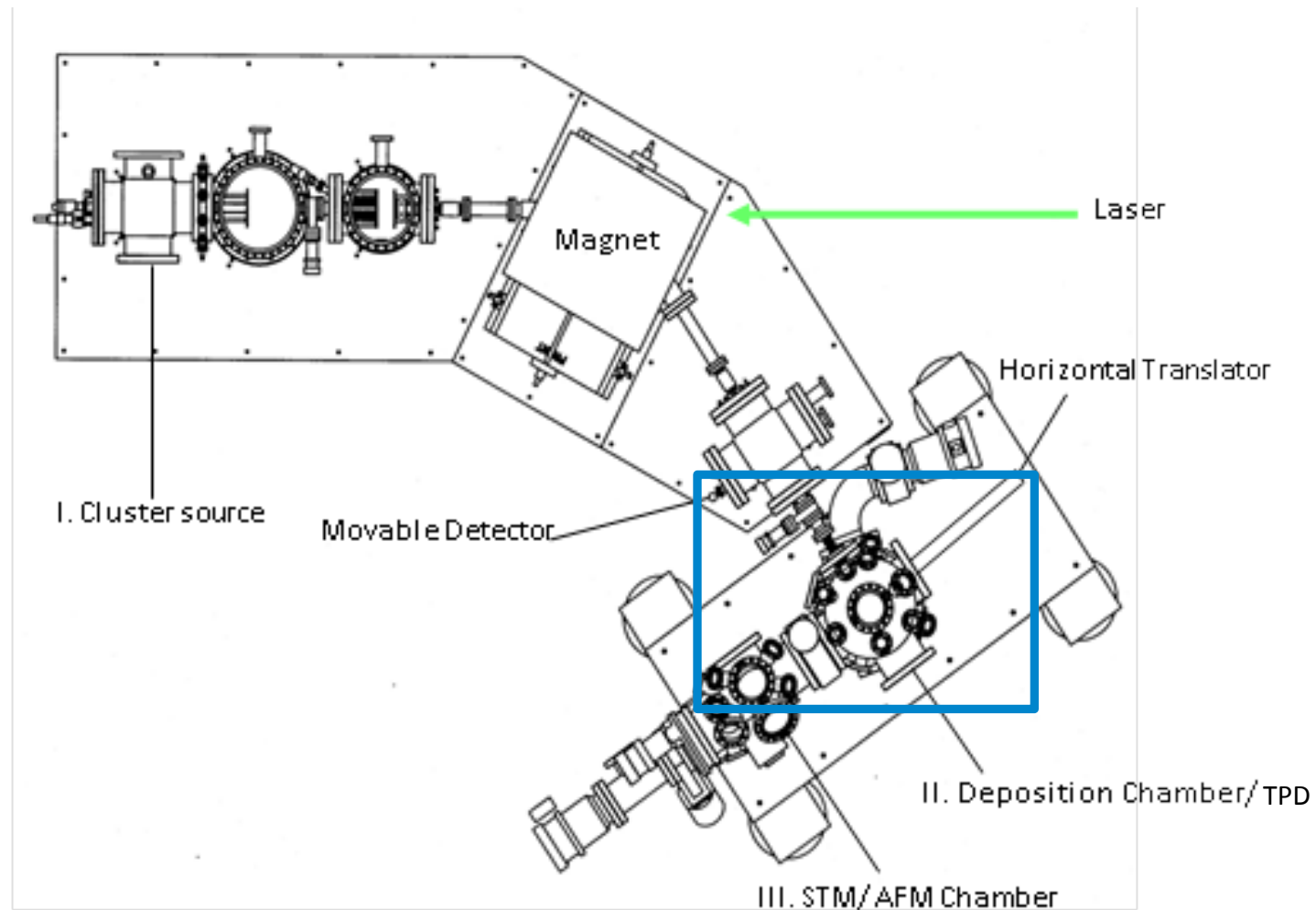
# Mass selection of Vanadium Oxides by a controllable magnet



# Synthesizing and identifying various vanadium oxides

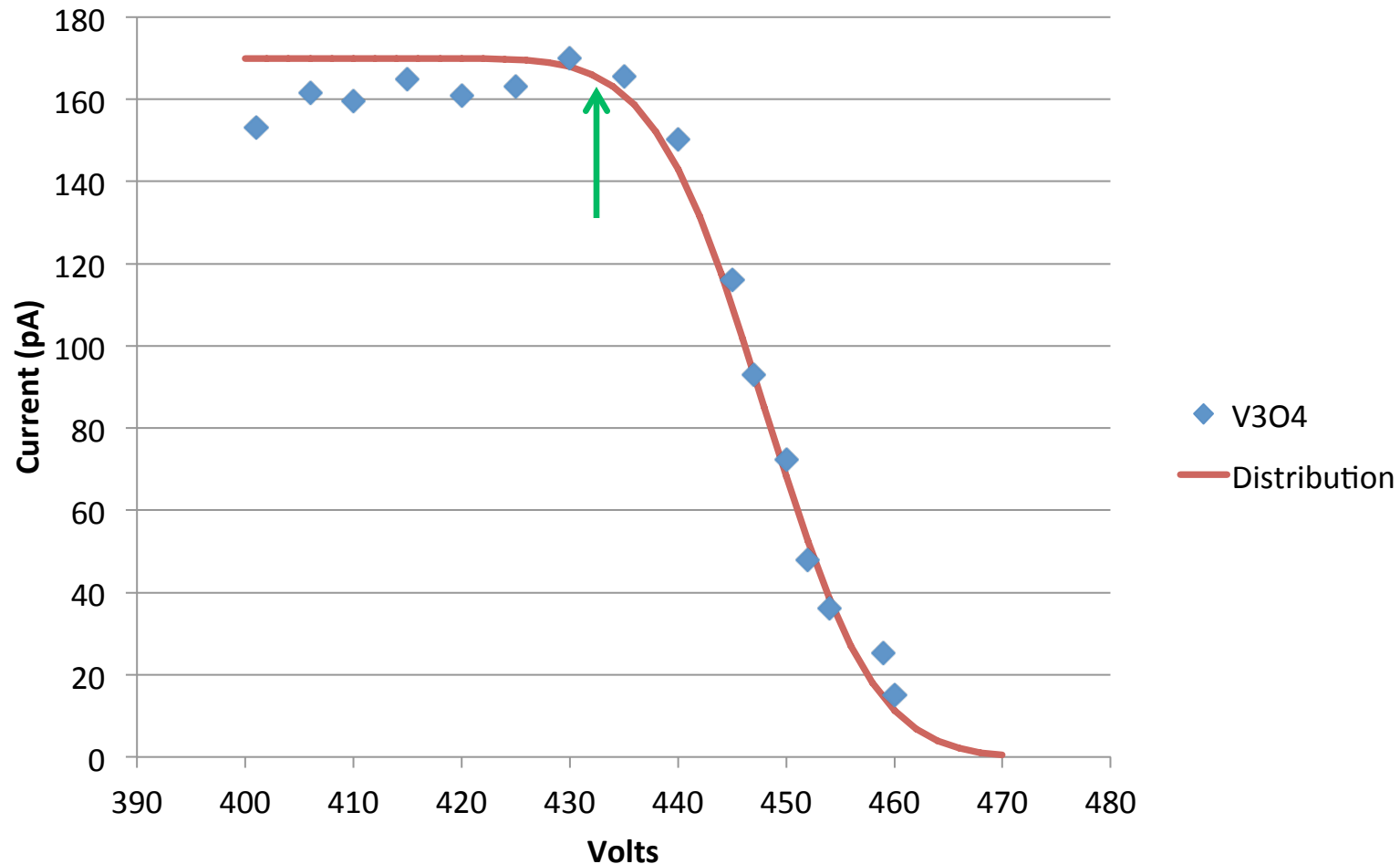


# Soft landing Vanadium Oxides onto the $\text{TiO}_2$ surface

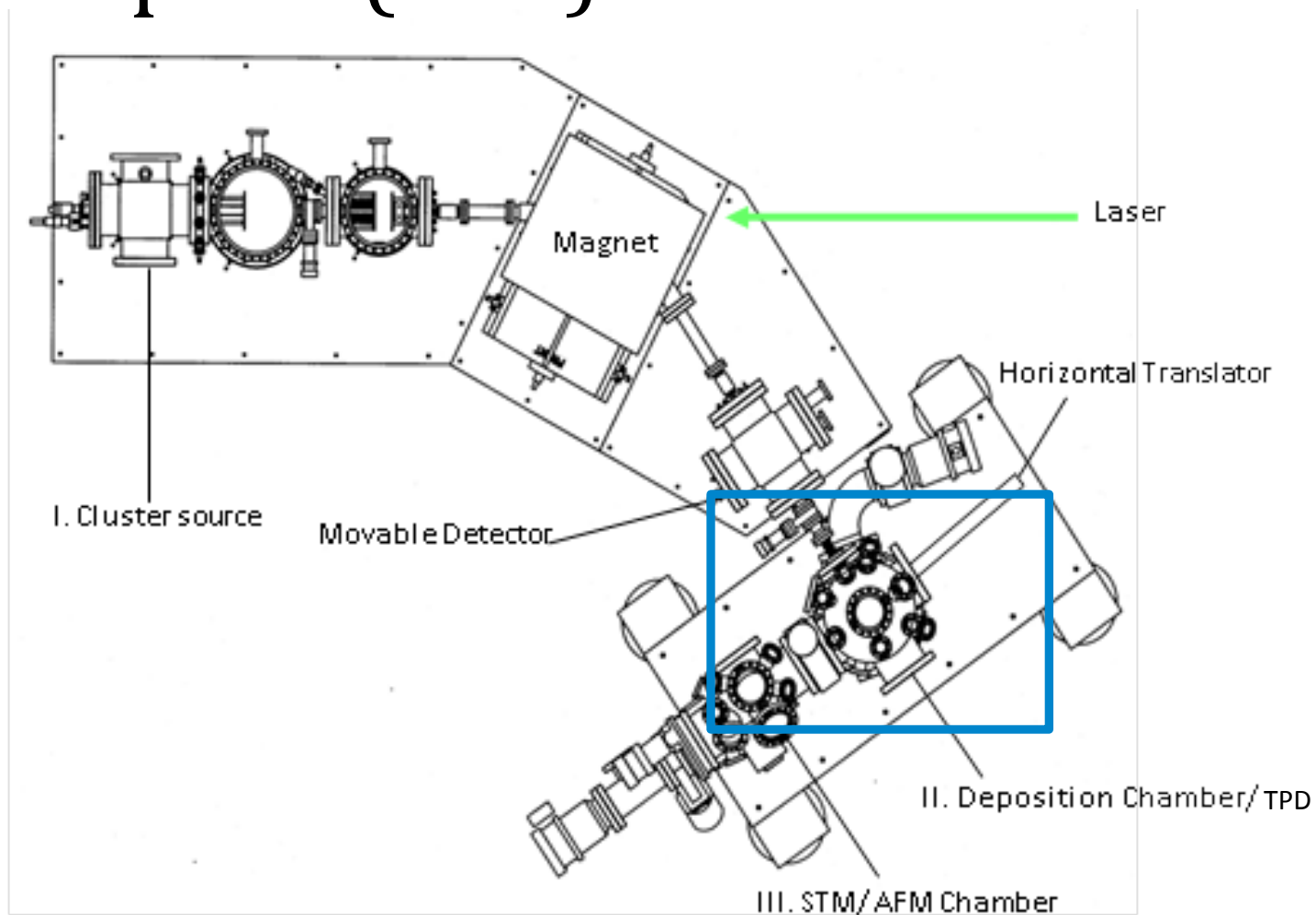




# Determining the biasing voltage needed to soft land $V_3O_4^+$ ions

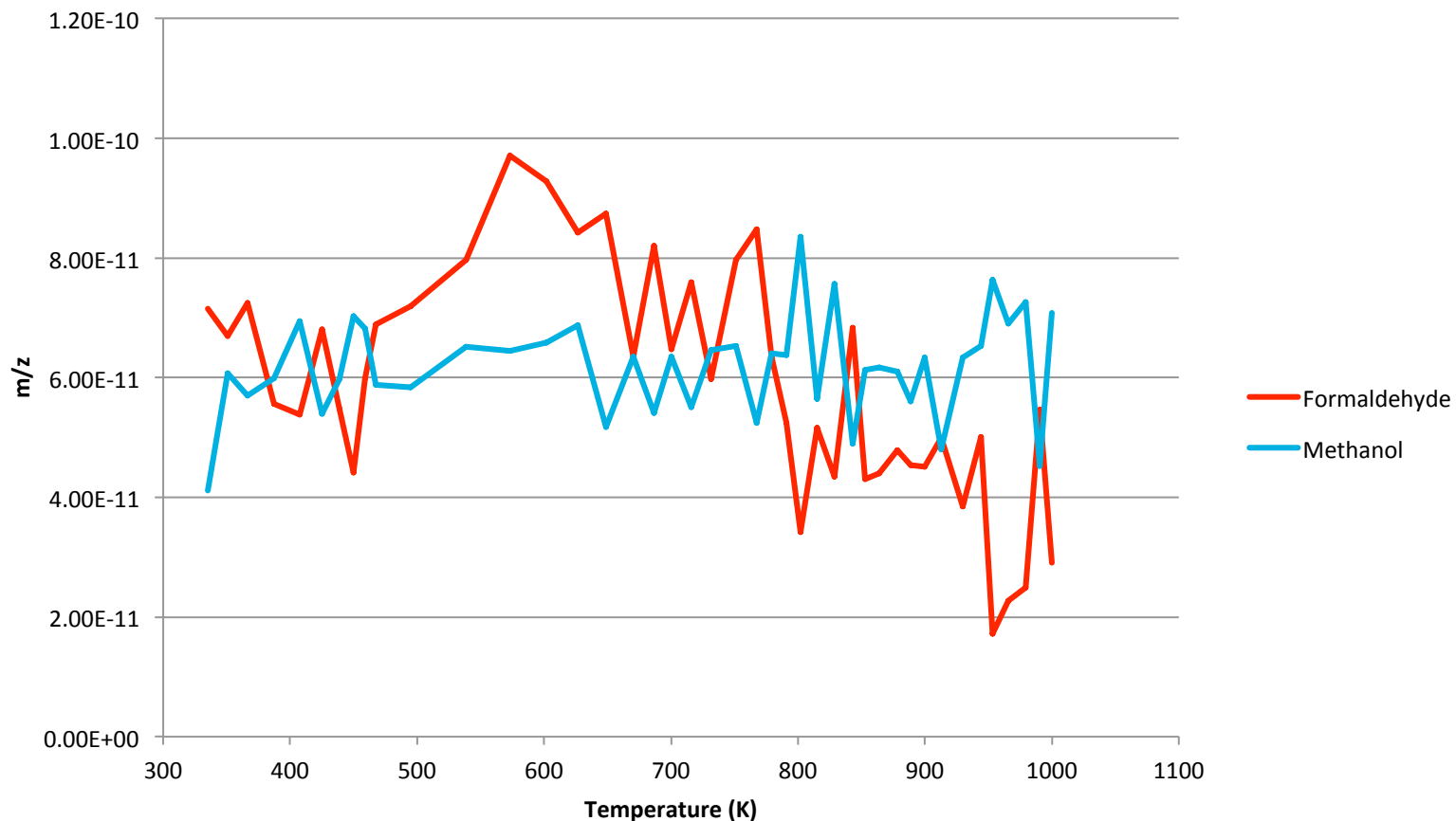


# Determining catalytic behavior with temperature programmed desorption (TPD)



# $V_3O_4^+$ possibly exhibits catalytic behavior for the studied reaction

## Formaldehyde vs. Methanol



# What We Have so Far

- Successfully deposited  $V_2O_6^+$  and  $V_3O_4^+$
- Performed temperature-programmed desorption on both species
- $V_3O_4^+$  possibly exhibits catalytic behavior

# Future Goals

- Continue to deposit and run TPD experiments on the other vanadium oxides
- Perform X-ray Photoelectron Spectroscopy (XPS)
- Image the surface with Scanning Tunneling Microscopy (STM)

# Acknowledgments



- The Buratto Group
- EUREKA
- CNSI
- NSF

