

How Winds and Sea Level Differences Control Coastal Ocean Currents

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Physics

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Marine Science Institute

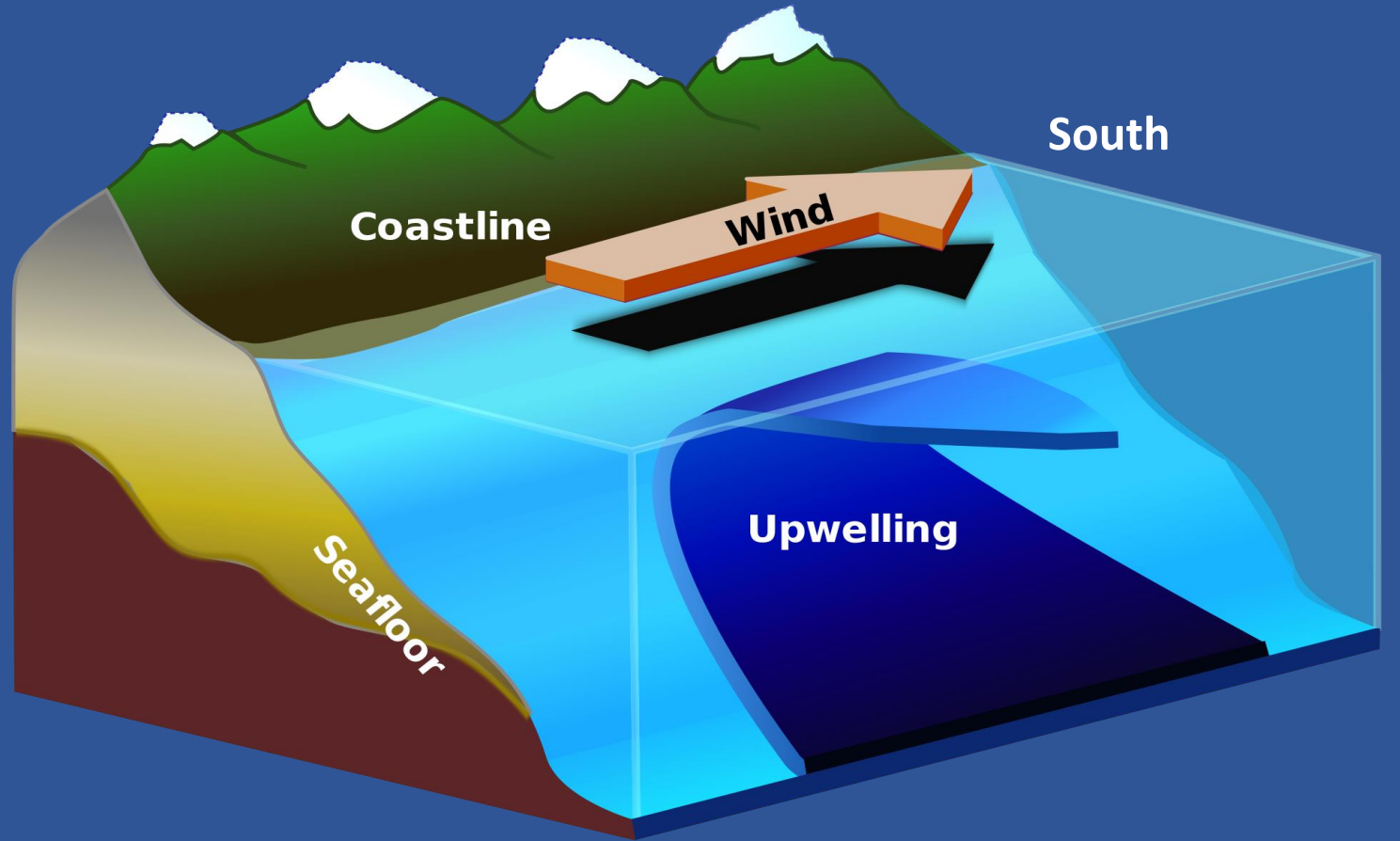
UCSB



CSEP

Wind is the Dominant Driver of Coastal Ocean Currents

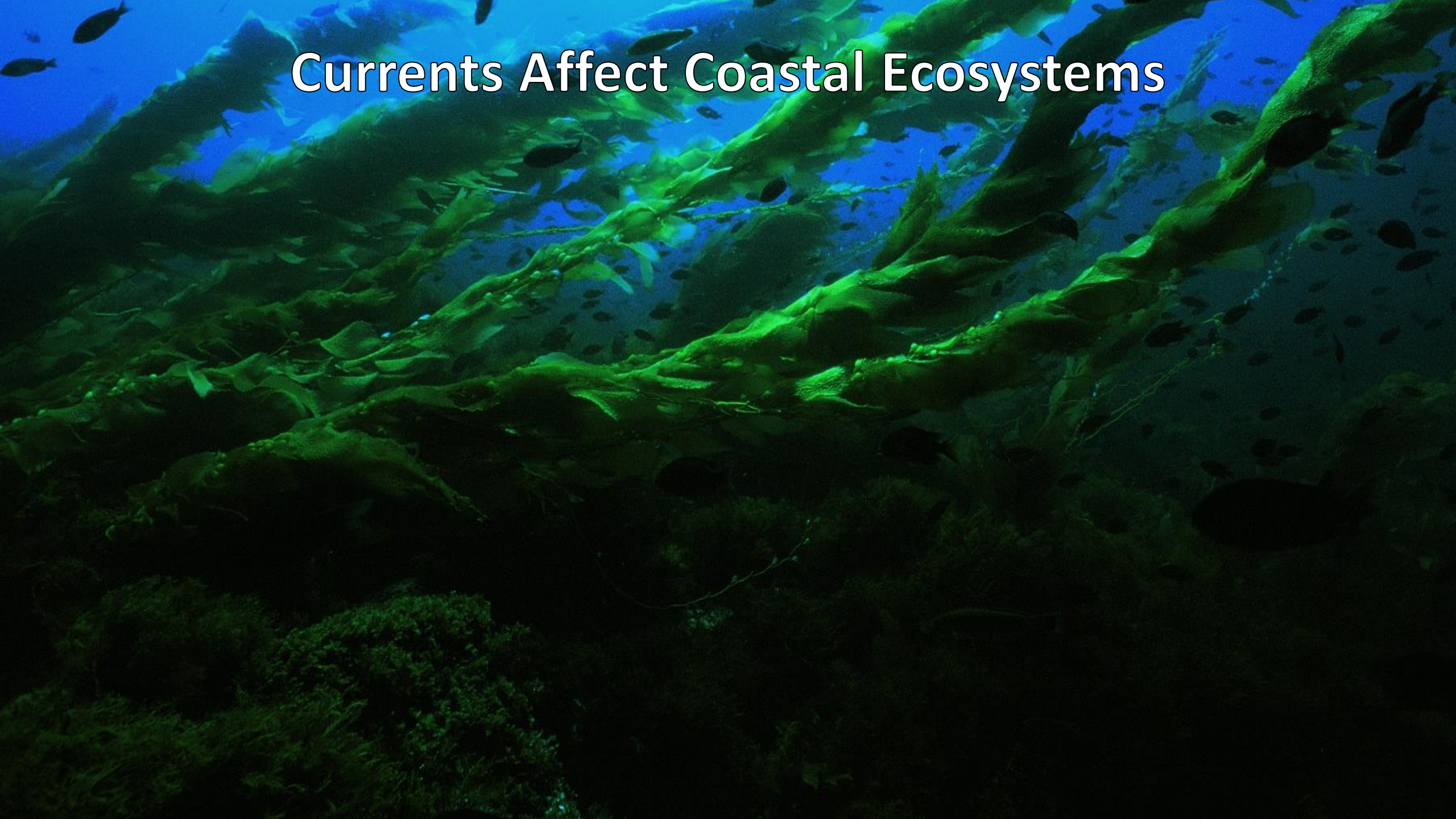
Upwelling leads to
productive ecosystems
& cool waters



Currents Affect Coastal Ecosystems



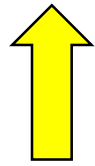
Currents Affect Coastal Ecosystems



Currents Affect Coastal Ecosystems

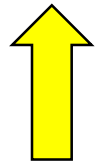


Winds Weaken Periodically

 = Wind

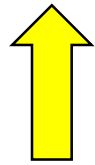


Winds Weaken Periodically

 = Wind

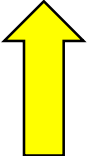


Winds Weaken Periodically

 = Wind




Surface Currents Tend Equatorward When There is Wind

 = Wind

 = Currents



Wind Relaxations Lead to Poleward Surface Currents

 = Wind

 = Currents




How Do We Identify Poleward Flows?

What drives them?

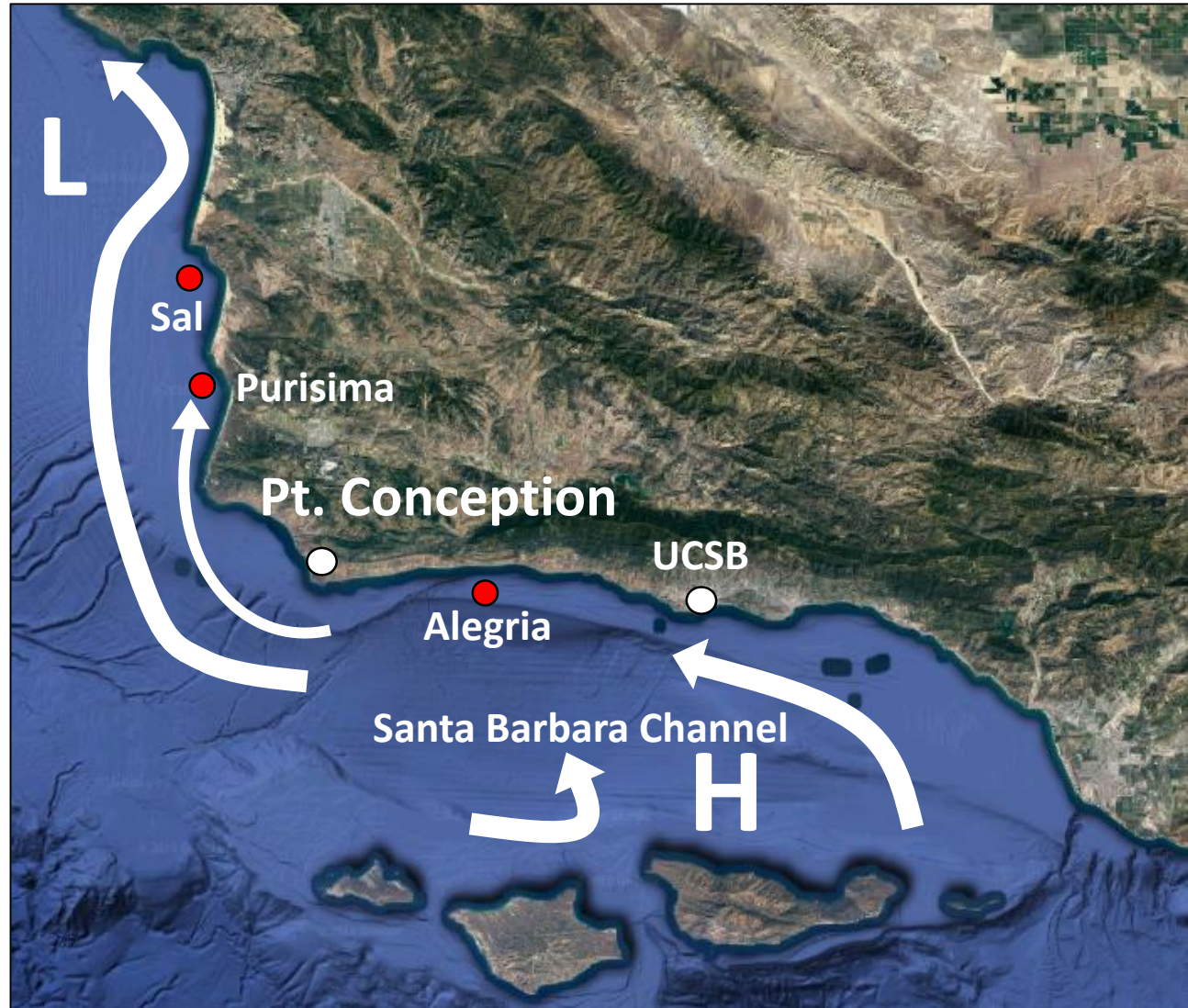
What do they look like?



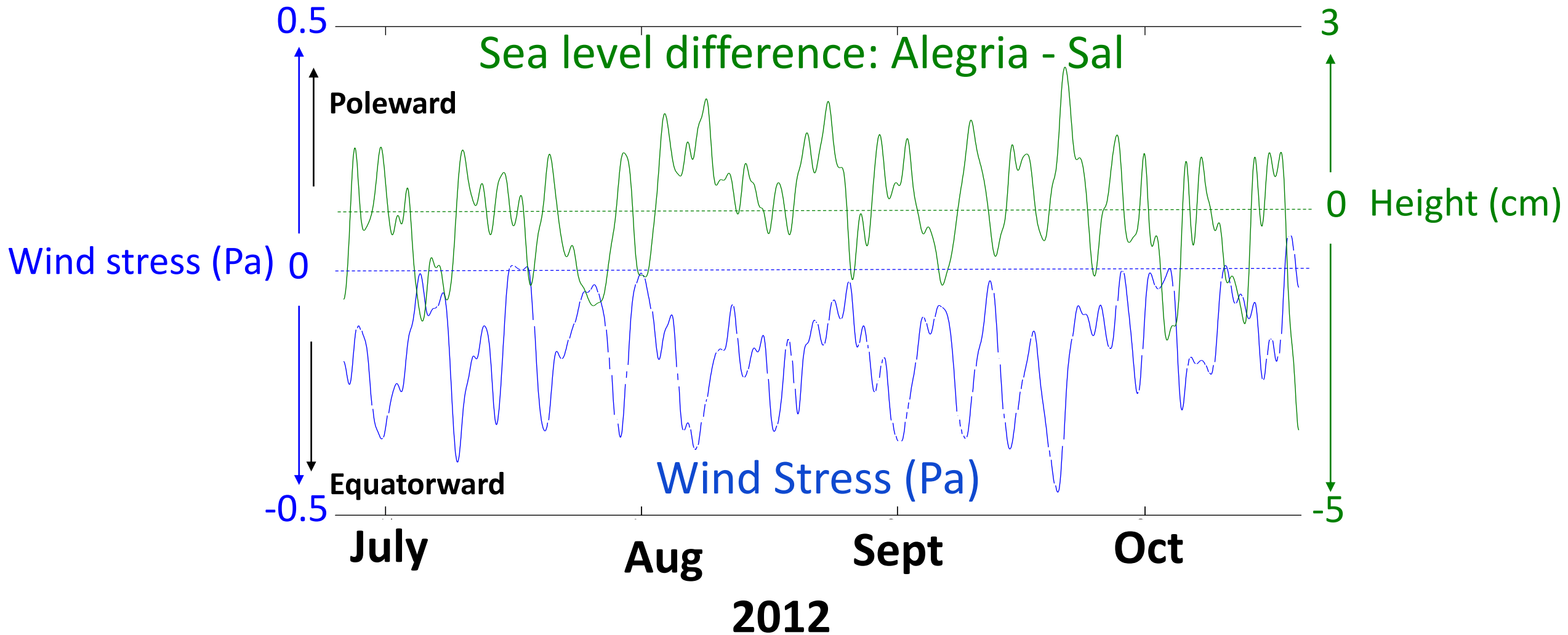
Wind Relaxations Lead to Poleward Surface Currents

 = Wind

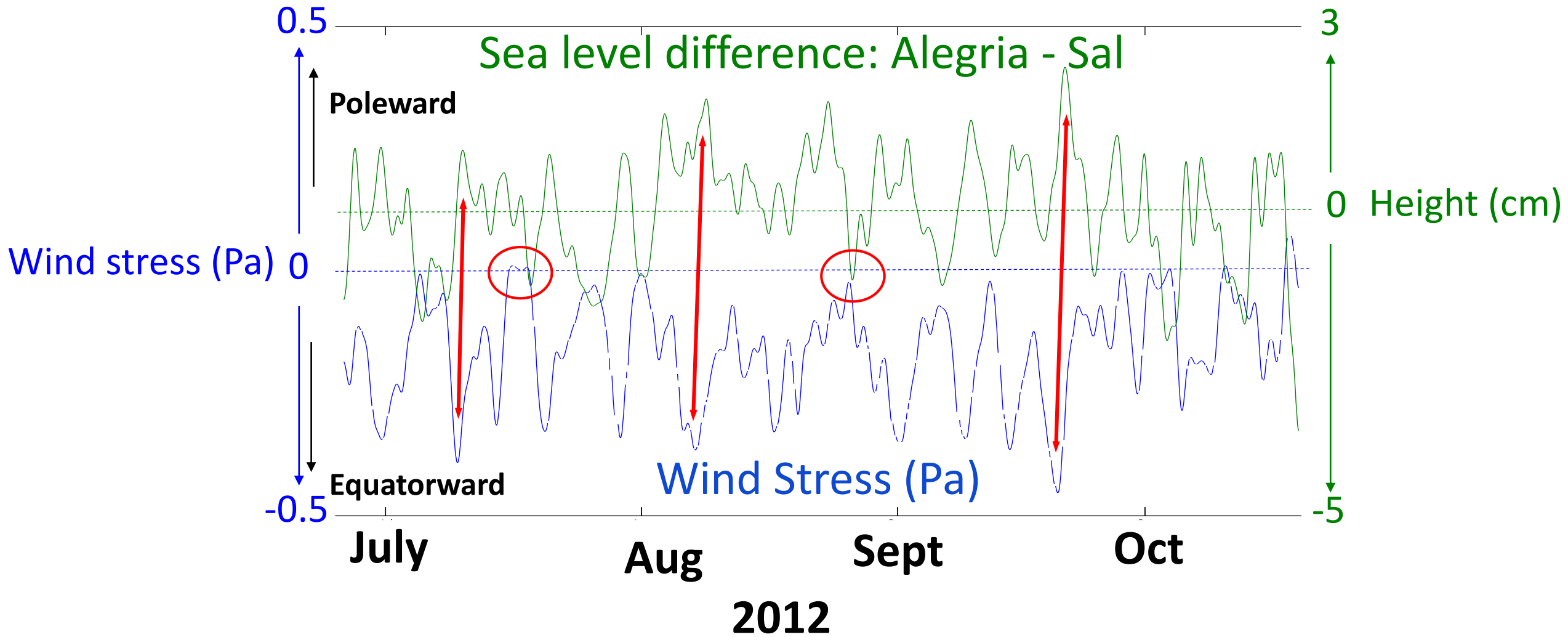
 = Currents



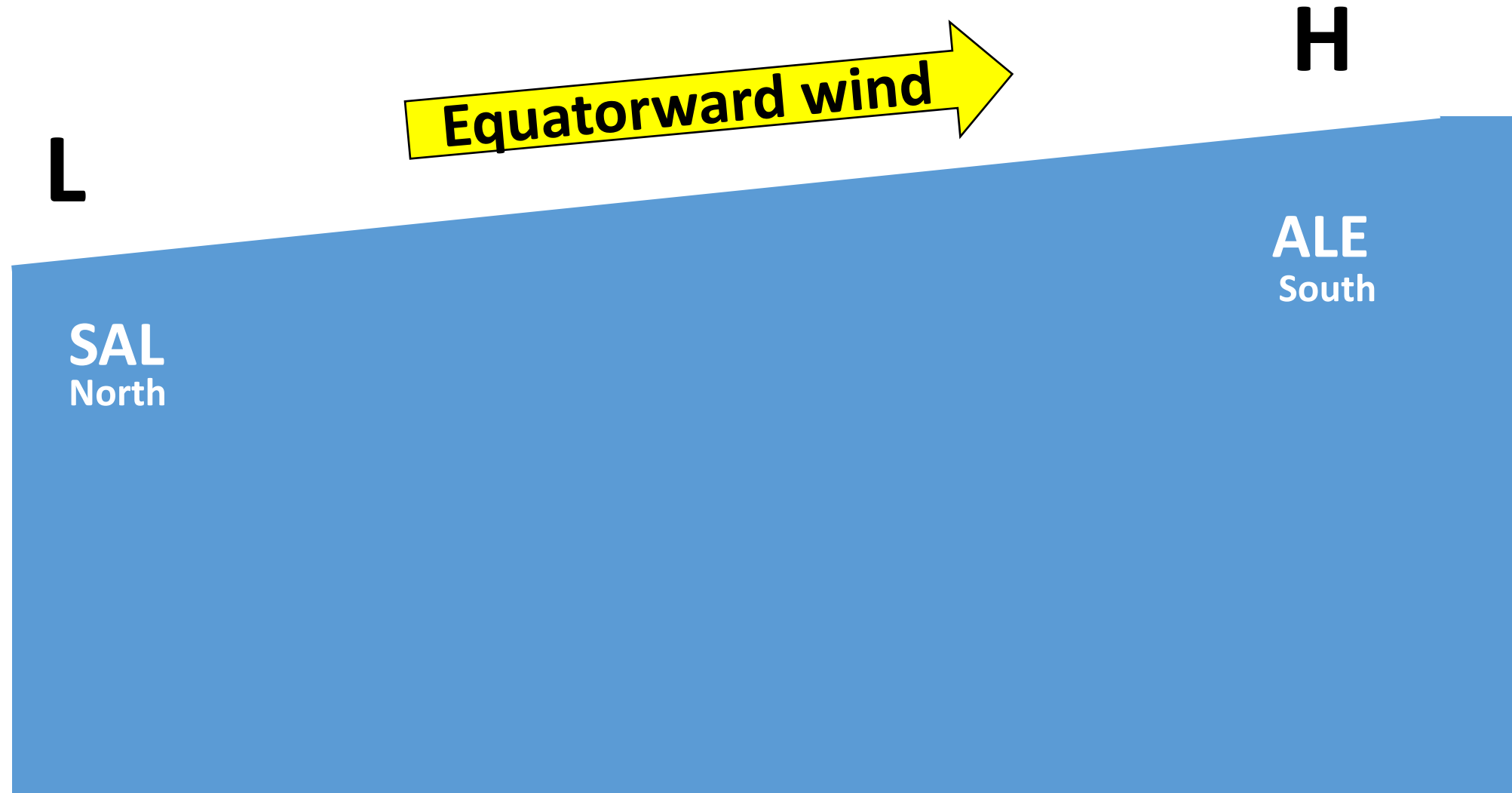
Strong Winds Form Sea Level Gradients



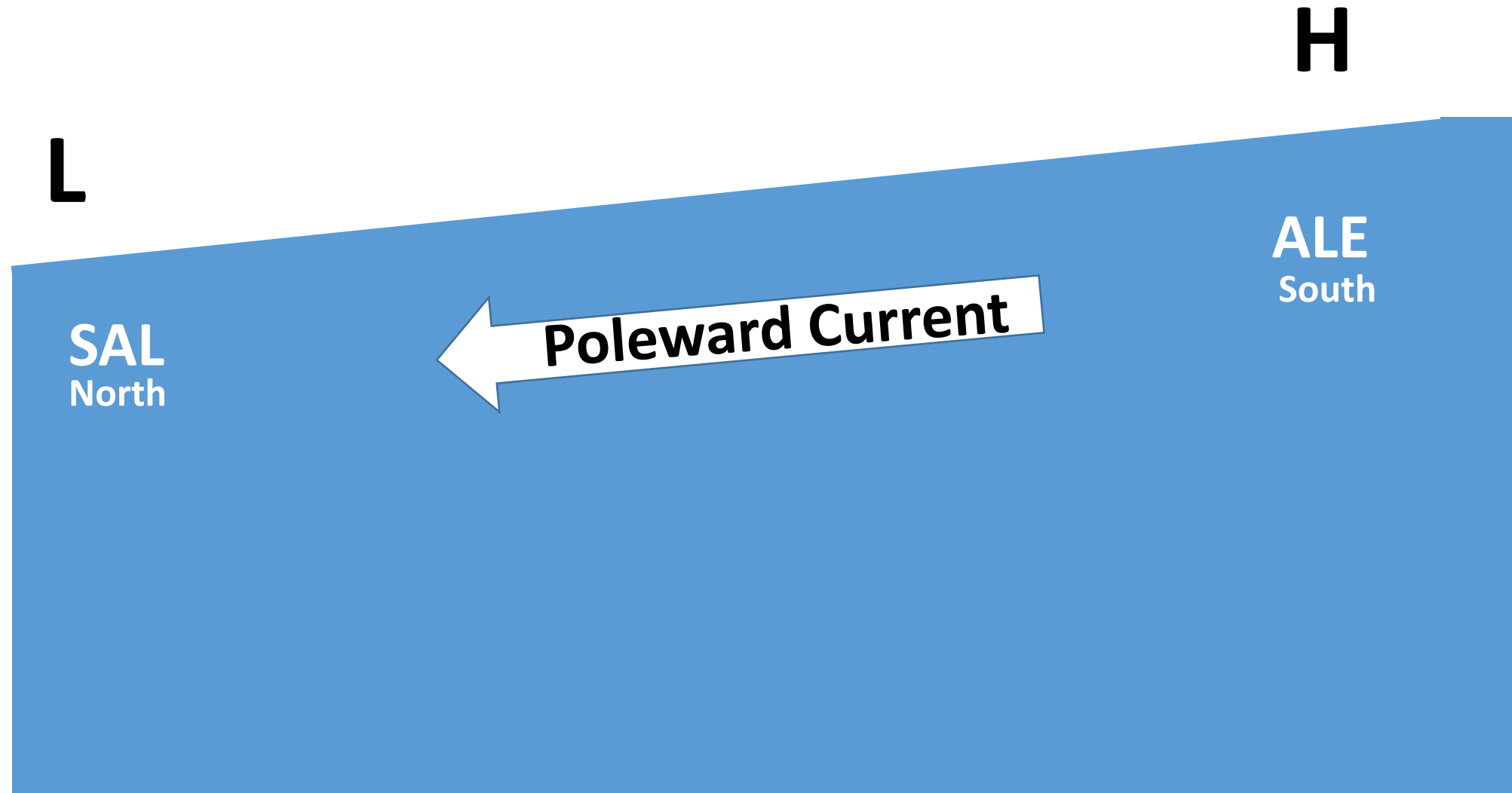
Strong Winds Form Sea Level Gradients



Wind Relaxations Lead to Poleward Surface Currents



Wind Relaxations Lead to Poleward Surface Currents



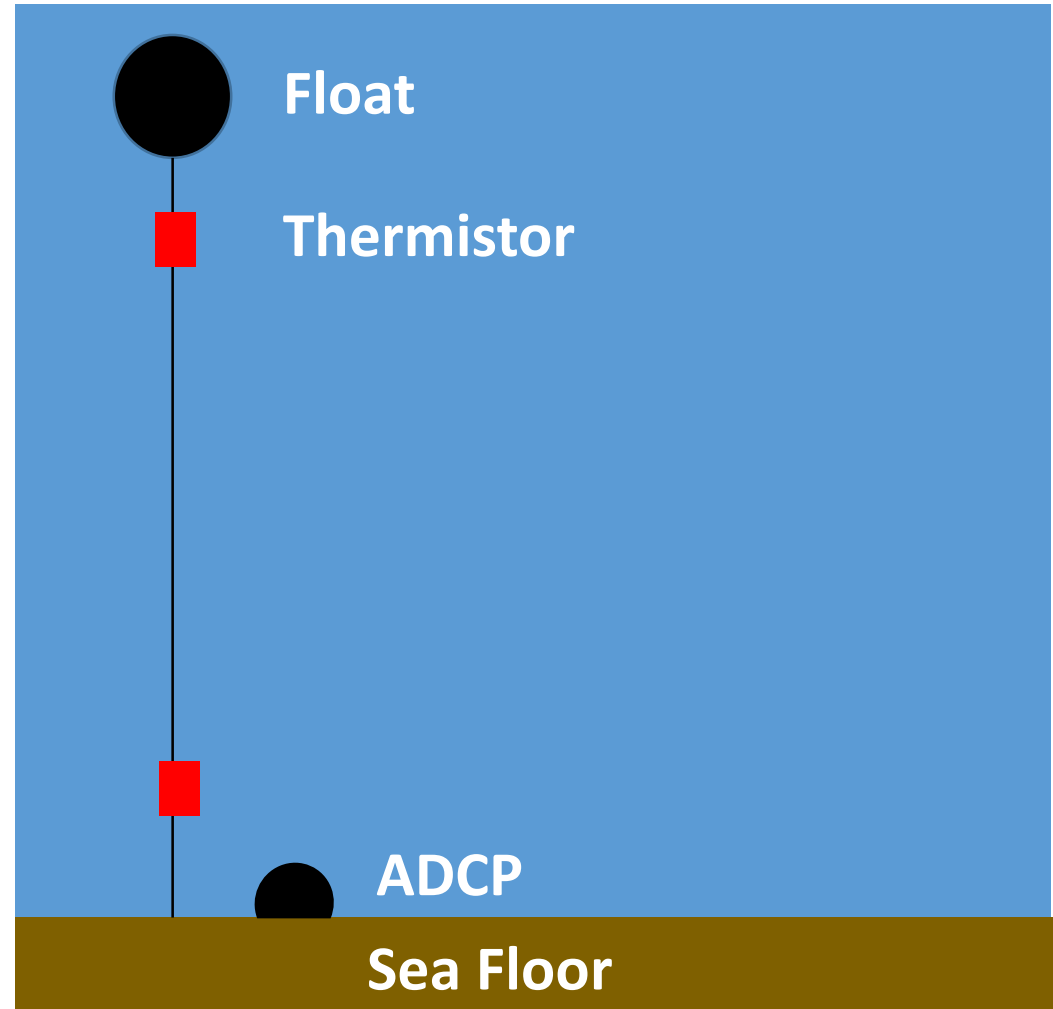
Moorings Near the Coast Observe the Currents

Measures:

Pressure

Velocity

Temperature



ADCP = Acoustic Doppler Current Profiler

Moorings Near the Coast Observe the Currents

Measures:

Pressure

Velocity

Temperature

We can compute:

Moorings Near the Coast Observe the Currents

Measures:

Pressure
Velocity
Temperature

We can compute:

Pressure Gradients & Sea Level Difference

Moorings Near the Coast Observe the Currents

Measures:

**Pressure
Velocity
Temperature**

We can compute:

**Pressure Gradients & Sea Level Difference
Acceleration of Current**

Moorings Near the Coast Observe the Currents

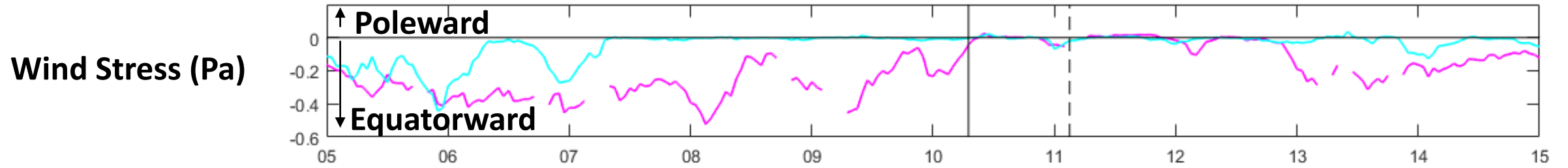
Measures:

**Pressure
Velocity
Temperature**

We can compute:

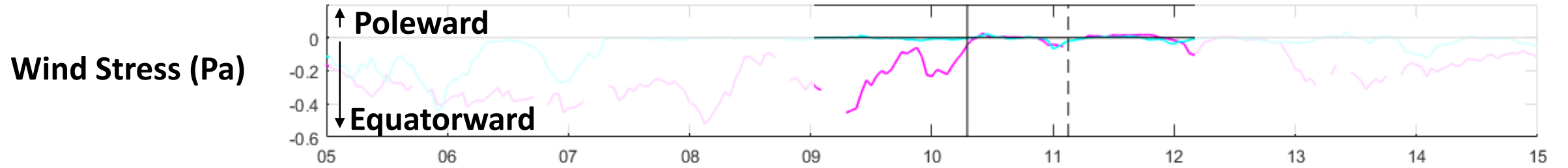
**Pressure Gradients & Sea Level Difference
Acceleration of Current
Density of Current**

Identifying A Poleward Current



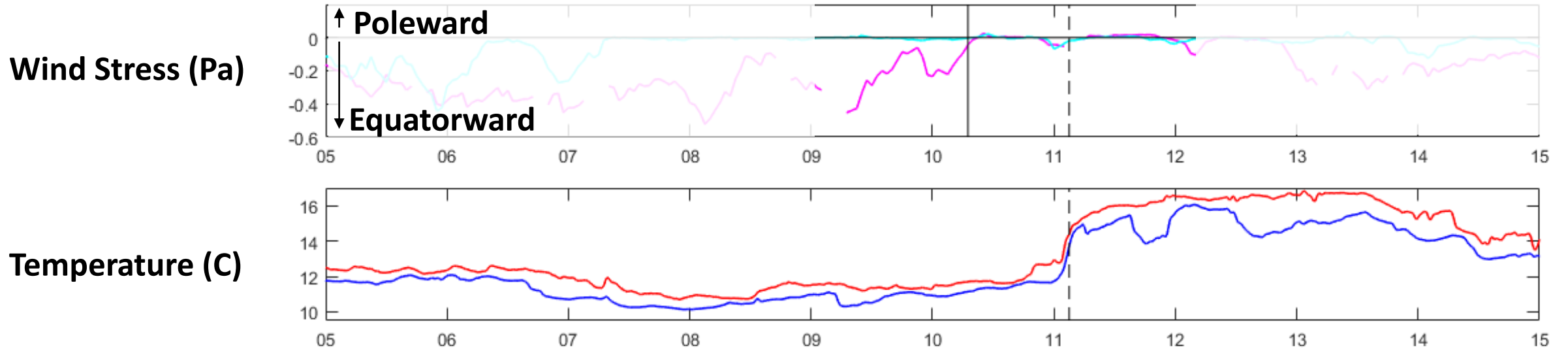
Purisima, June 2012

Identifying A Poleward Current



Purisima, June 2012

Identifying A Poleward Current

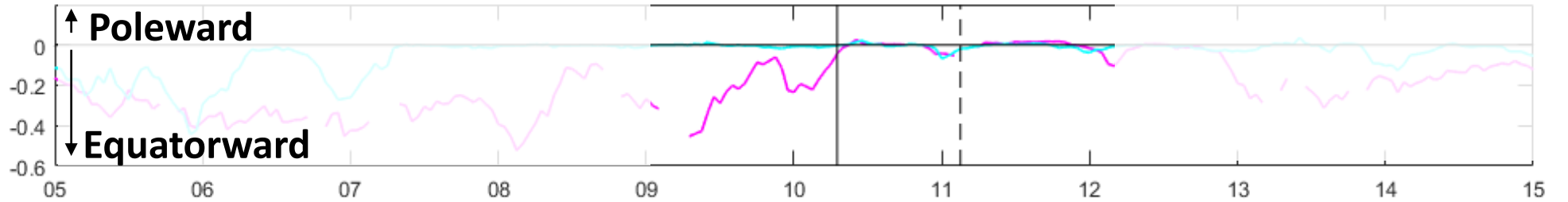


Surface
Bottom

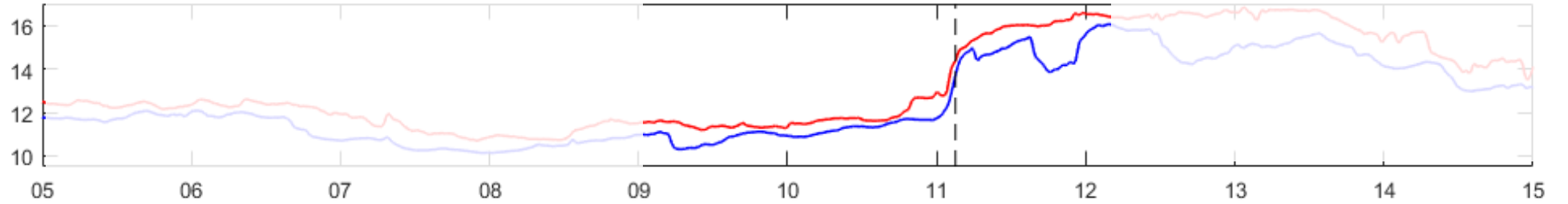
Purisima, June 2012

Identifying A Poleward Current

Wind Stress (Pa)



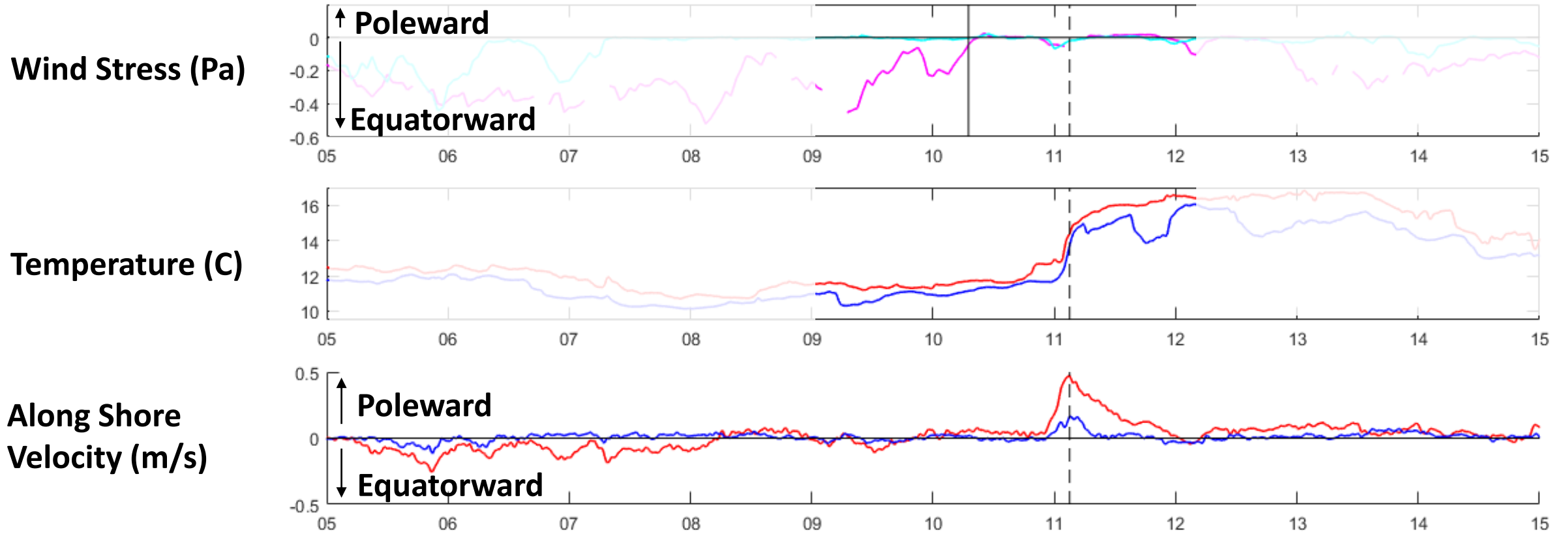
Temperature (C)



Surface
Bottom

Purisima, June 2012

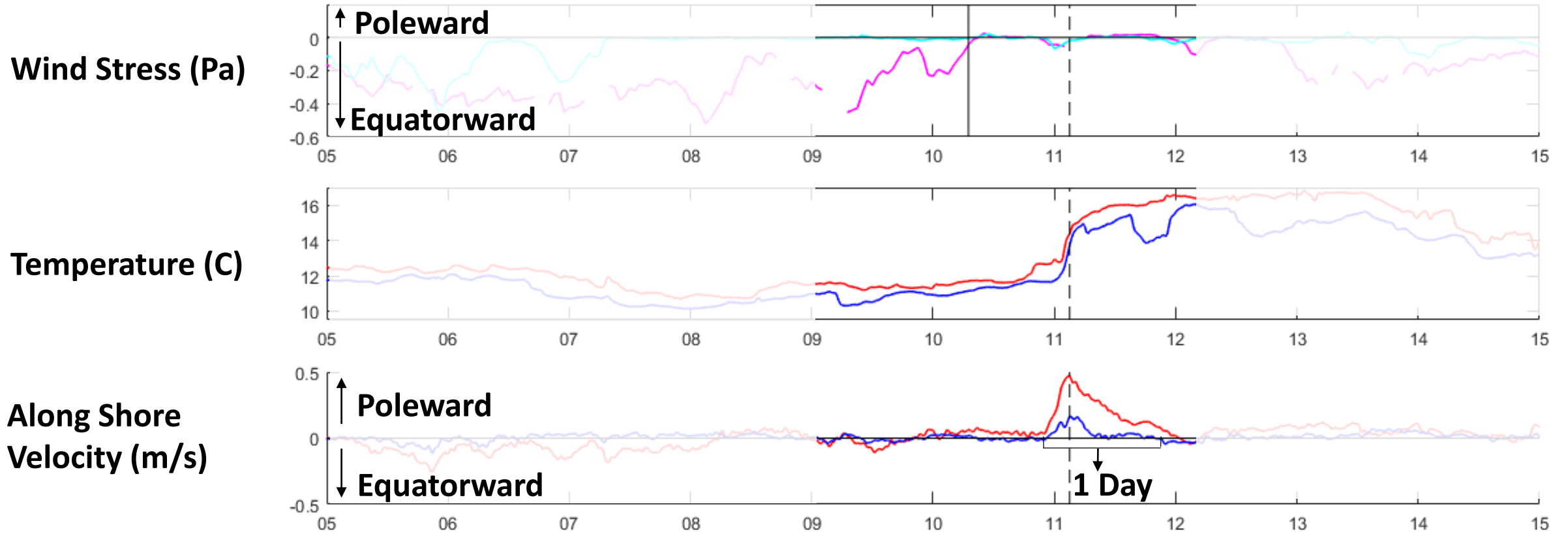
Identifying A Poleward Current



Surface
Bottom

Purisima, June 2012

Identifying A Poleward Current

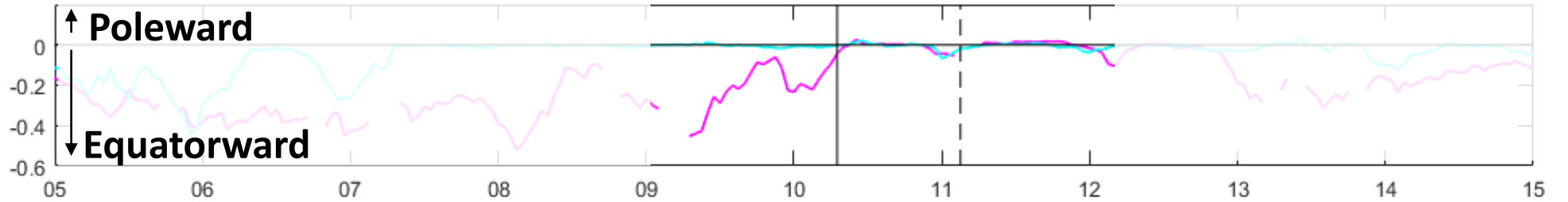


Surface
Bottom

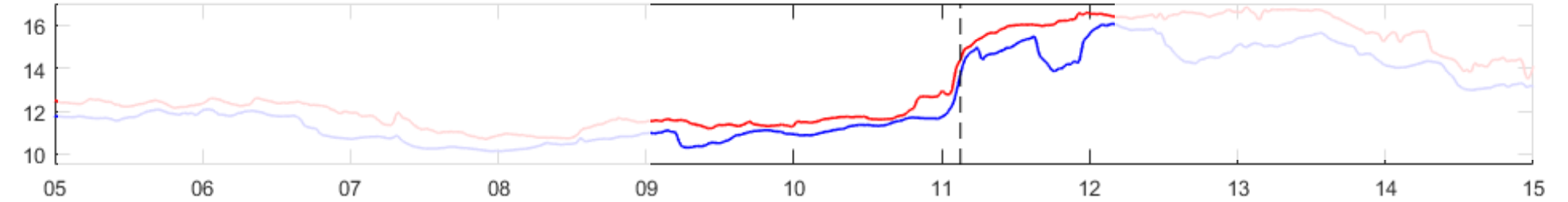
Purisima, June 2012

Identifying A Poleward Current

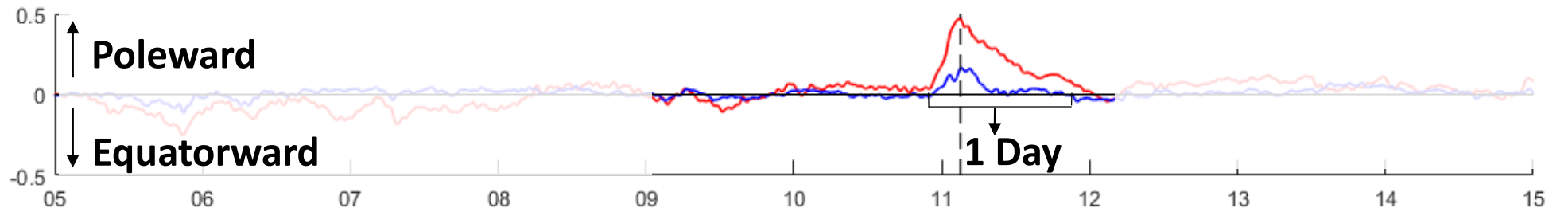
Wind Stress (Pa)



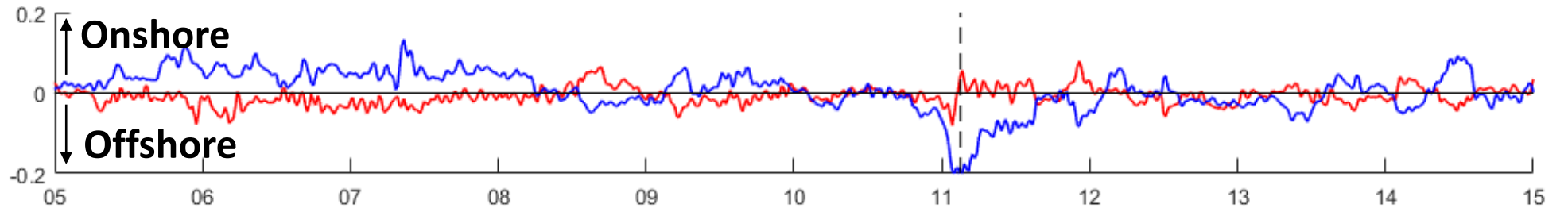
Temperature (C)



Along Shore Velocity (m/s)



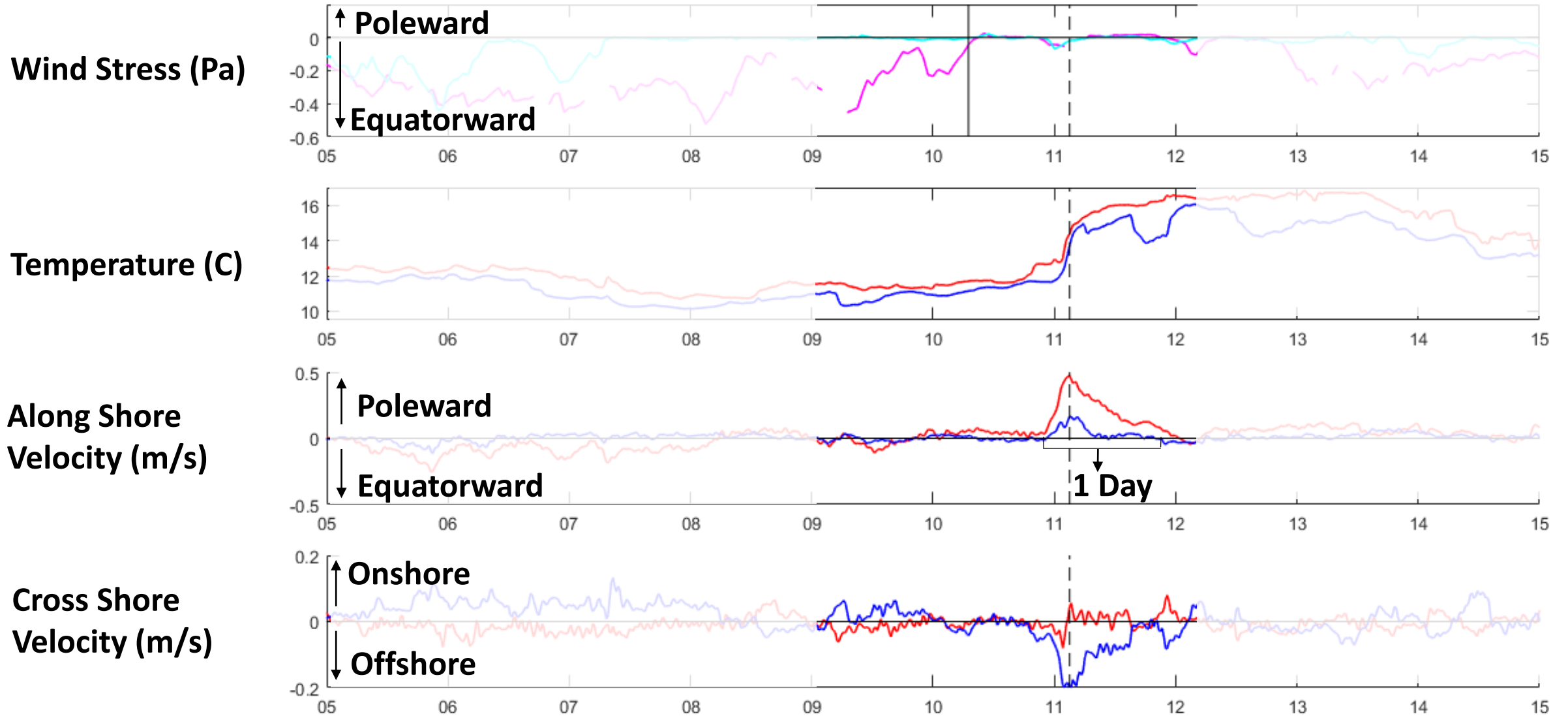
Cross Shore Velocity (m/s)



Surface
Bottom

Purisima, June 2012

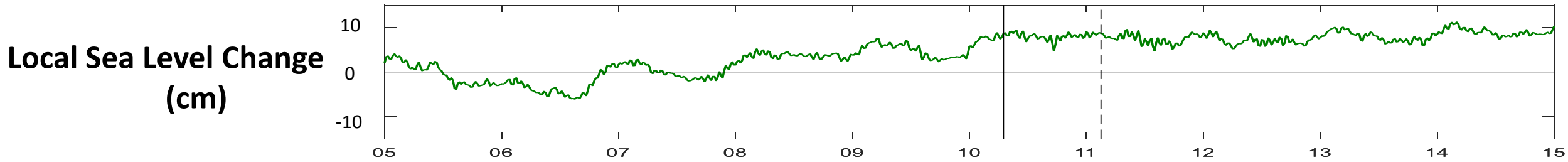
Identifying A Poleward Current



Surface
Bottom

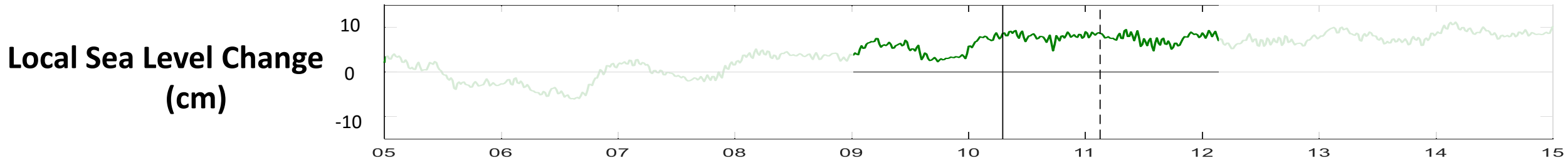
Purisima, June 2012

Identifying A Poleward Current



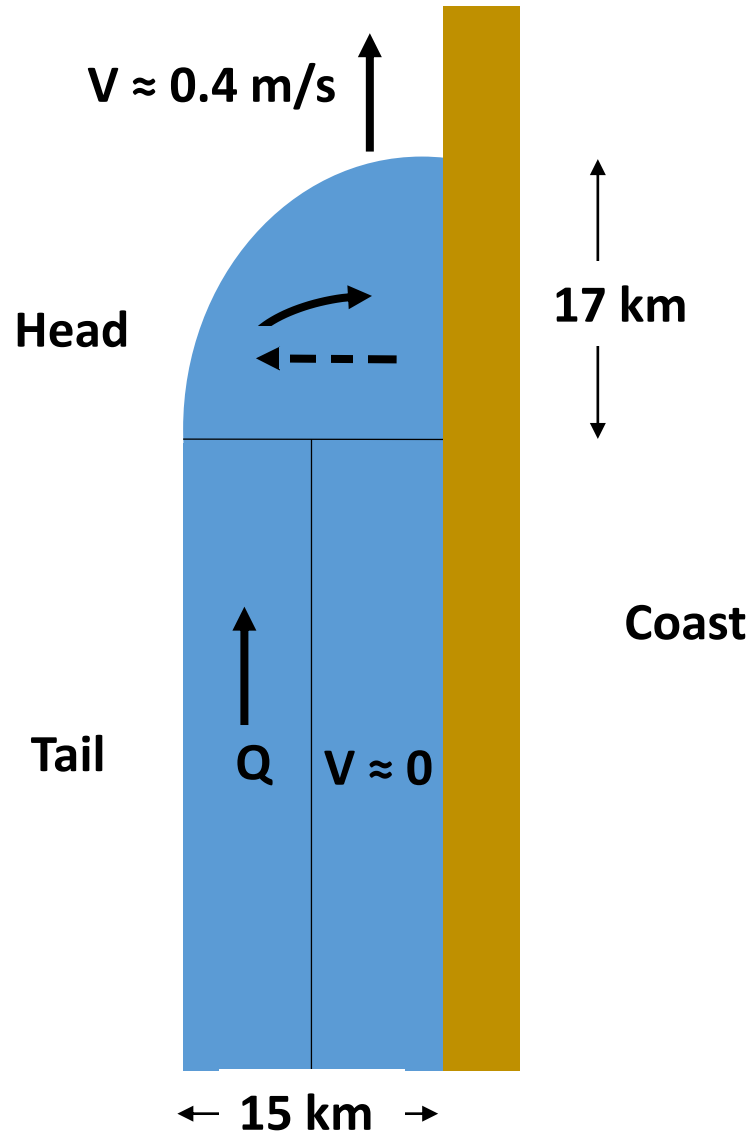
Purisima, June 2012

Identifying A Poleward Current

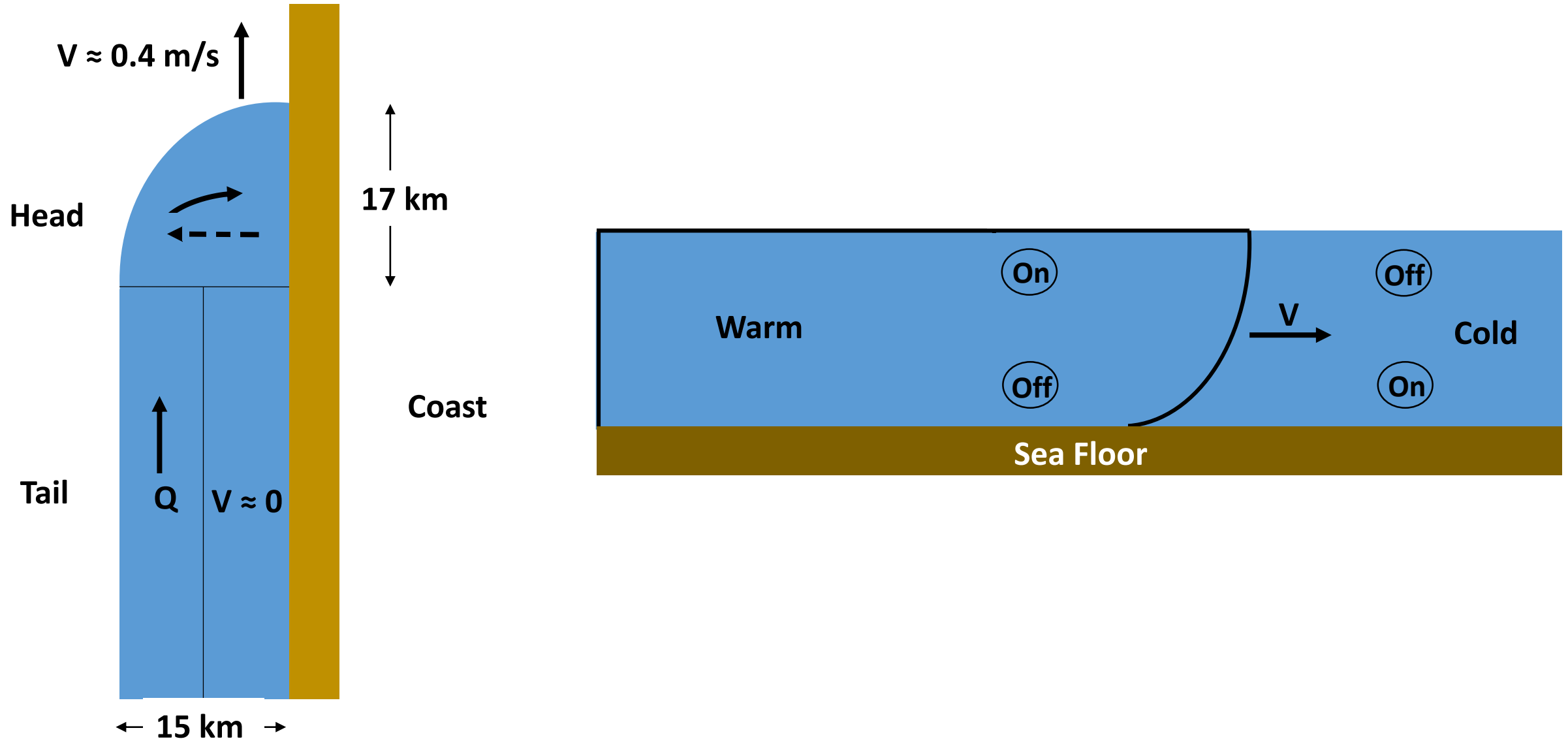


Purisima, June 2012

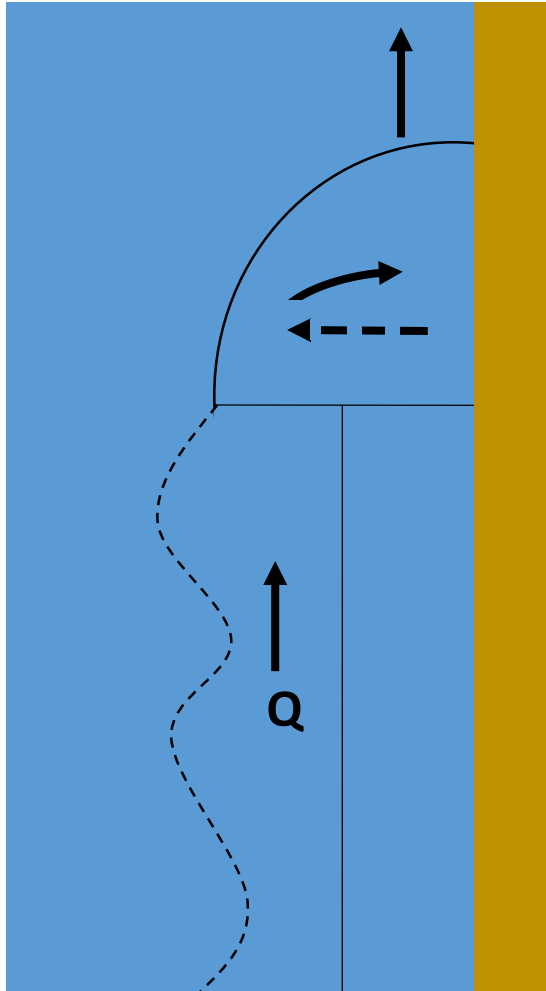
Building a Picture of Poleward Currents



Building a Picture of Poleward Currents



Future Studies will Focus on Dynamics Farther Offshore and Ecological Changes



Acknowledgements

- National Science Foundation
- Center for Science and Engineering Partnerships
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Questions?